## BERKELEY COUNTY BUILDING COMMISSION
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#### June 30, 2015

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ACCOUNTANT'S COMPILATION REPORT

Members of the
Berkeley County Building Commission
Martinsburg, West Virginia

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Berkeley County Building Commission, component unit of the Berkeley County Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, which collectively comprised the Berkeley County Building Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or provide any assurance about whether the financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Building Commission is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements.

Our responsibility is to conduct the compilation in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The objective of a compilation is to assist the Building Commission in presenting financial information in the form of financial statements without undertaking to obtain or provide any assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis information that is required to be presented for purposes of additional analysis. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We are not independent with respect to the Berkeley County Building Commission.

CoxHollida&Professionals PLLC
Martinsburg, WV

August 31, 2015
Berkeley County Building Commission  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
June 30, 2015

**Assets**  
Current assets:  
- Cash and cash equivalents $ 2,187

Restricted assets:  
- Construction cash 2,181,214  
- Investments 639,773  
Total restricted assets 2,820,987

Capital assets:  
- Land 1,889,399  
- Building and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of $7,601,852 31,871,122  
- Construction work in progress 5,124,004  
Total capital assets 38,884,525

Total assets $ 41,707,699

**Liabilities**  
Current liabilities:  
- Accounts payable $ 900  
- Accounts payable construction 216,682  
- Accrued interest 179,570  
- Current portion of long-term debt 1,407,394  
Total current liabilities 1,804,546

Noncurrent liabilities:  
- Long-term debt 35,041,511  
- Unamortized bond discount (126,659)  
- Unamortized bond preimum 438,419  
Total noncurrent liabilities 35,353,271

Total liabilities 37,157,817

**Net Position**  
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 3,523,313  
Restricted 639,773  
Unreserved fund balance 386,796  
Total net position 4,549,882

Total liabilities and net position $ 41,707,699

See accompanying notes and accountant's compilation report.
Berkeley County Building Commission
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES
AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Operating revenue:

Lease income $ 2,588,536
Intergovernmental
  Local 11,100

Total Operating Revenue 2,599,636

Operating expense:

Professional fees 11,100
Depreciation expense 992,700

Total operating expenses 1,003,800

Operating income 1,595,836

Other income (expenses):

Interest income 62
Bank trustee fees (3,920)
Bond issuance costs (446,171)
Interest expense (1,569,393)

Total other income (expense) (2,019,422)

Increase in net position (423,587)

Net position at beginning of year 4,973,469

Net position at end of year $ 4,549,882

See accompanying notes and accountant's compilation report.
Berkeley County Building Commission  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities:

Cash received for leases $ 2,588,536  
Cash received from intergovernmental contributions and grants - local 11,100  
Cash paid to vendors (11,100)  

Total cash flow from operating activities 2,588,536

Cash flows from investing activities:

Investment income 62  
Payments for land, buildings, and equipment (707,060)  
Net increase in restricted assets (2,215,072)  

(2,922,070)

Cash flows provided (used) by capital and related financing activities:

Proceeds from bond issuance 17,829,111  
Principal paid on bonds payable (15,662,240)  
Payments for bank trustee fees (3,920)  
Bond issuance costs (173,199)  
Interest paid on revenue bonds (1,656,214)  

Net cash flows used by capital and related financing activities 333,538

Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 4  
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year 2,183  
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year $ 2,187

Reconciliation of operating income to cash flows from  
Operating activities:

Operating income $ 1,595,836  
Adjustments to reconcile:  
Depreciation 992,700  

Net cash flows provided from operating activities $ 2,588,536

Supplemental schedule of noncash investing and financing activities:

Amortization of bond discounts costs $ (7,652)  
Amortization of bond premium $ 18,454  
Financing of bond issuance costs $ (272,974)  

See accompanying notes and accountant's compilation report.
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and the presentation of the financial report of Berkeley County Building Commission have been designed to conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government units, in accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB embodies the official pronouncements previously issued by the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA).

A. Reporting Entity

The Berkeley County Building Commission ("Building Commission") was created pursuant to Chapter 8, Article 33 of the West Virginia Code of 1931, as amended, by an order entered by the County Commission of Berkeley County, West Virginia ("County Commission") on the 4th day of September 1979. The Building Commission finances the purchase and construction of capital assets for the County Commission and leases them to the County Commission and others. Ownership of the assets passes to the County Commission when the bonds mature and are returned. The lease or loan payments the Building Commission receives are used to pay the revenue bonds' principal and interest.

The Building Commission, for financial statement purposes, is a component unit of the County Council. The Building Commission is controlled by and is dependent on the County Council of Berkeley County. The County Council appoints the members of the Building Commission's board and provides intergovernmental revenue to pay certain Building Commission obligations.

B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The financial statements of the Commission are prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). As a proprietary fund type, the Commission applies all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

The financial statements of this special-purpose government are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal ongoing revenue of the Building Commission enterprise fund are charges to the Berkeley County Council and the Blue Ridge Community and Technical College for lease payments. Operating expenses of the Building Commission include depreciation and any maintenance and repair costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Assets, liabilities and net position

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the government reports its investments at fair value, except for nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statement. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.
C. Assets, liabilities and net position (Continued)

1. Deposits and investments (Continued)

Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: Obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year), general and direct obligations of the state of West Virginia; obligations of the federal national mortgage association; indebtedness secured by first lien deed of trusts for property situated within this state if the payment is substantially insured or guaranteed by the federal government; pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations); indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded as in the top two or three highest rating grades; interest earning deposits which are fully insured or collateralized; and mutual funds registered with the SEC which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars.

2. Receivables and payables

All receivables and payables are shown at the new amount due. Since all lease revenue comes from the Berkeley County Council or the Blue Ridge Community and Technical College, no allowance has been made for uncollectible as there is minimal risk that these lease payments will not be received.

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the Building Commission's financial statements. Capital assets costing over $5,000 with useful lives longer than one year are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. $41,053 of the total interest of $1,610,446 was capitalized by the Building Commission during the current fiscal year.

Property, plant and equipment of the Building Commission is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assets</th>
<th>Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Buildings</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Building improvements</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment</td>
<td>5-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Construction Work in Process

The construction-work-in-progress consists of the Crawford Building which was part of the original purchase of the Blue Ridge Outlet Center Complex, and the construction of improvement to the Berkeley County E911 Dispatch facilities. The Building Commission has invested in renovations to stabilize the facility and the County is expected to maintain the property. Currently the County is using the property as a storage facility. The Commission’s intermediate plans consist of additional office and court room space for the 23rd Circuit Magistrate.
C. Assets, liabilities and net position (Continued)

4. Construction Work in Process (Continued)

The Commission is in the construction phase for improvements, furnishings and equipment of the Berkeley County 911 Dispatch facilities located at 802 Emmett Roush Drive, Martinsburg, Berkeley County, West Virginia. This project will provide facilities for the 911 Central Dispatch, Emergency Communication Center, Department of Homeland Security and other related operations. The project is estimated to cost $3,000,000 to complete and $964,796 was capitalized as of balance sheet date.

5. Equity Classification

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

b. Restricted net position - Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use of either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted net position - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

It is the Commission's policy to first use restricted assets when available and then use general revenues to finance projects and expenses.

6. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

7. Long-term obligations

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.
Note 2. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments
At year end, the Building Commission's bank balance of deposits was $2,187, which was entirely covered by federal depository insurance.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits
Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Building Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Building Commission does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

At year end the Building Commission's investment balances were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Investments</th>
<th>Maturities</th>
<th>Fair Value</th>
<th>Credit rating</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Federated U.S. Treasury Cash Reserves</td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>$2,820,987</td>
<td>AAAm Standard and Poor's</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Interest Rate Risk
The Building Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk
As described above, state statutes prescribe the types of investments which the Building Commission may utilize. The Building Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration Risk
State statute limitations concerning the aforementioned investments include the following: at no time can investment portfolios consist of more than 75% of the indebtedness of any private corporation nor can the portfolio have over 25% of its portfolio consisting of the indebtedness of a private corporation's debt which matures in less than one year; at no time may more than 9% of the portfolio be invested in securities issued by a single private corporation or association; and at no time can more than 60% of the portfolio be invested in equity mutual funds. The Building Commission has no policy that would further limit the amount that they may invest in.

B. Capital Assets
A summary of changes in Capital Assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 and the changes in Capital Assets values based on current and prior year depreciation allowances are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Balance at 7/1/2014</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Deductions</th>
<th>Balance at 6/30/2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$1,889,399</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,889,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings, improvements, and equipment</td>
<td>39,472,974</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>39,472,974</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction work in progress - capitalized interest</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>41,053</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>41,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction work in progress</td>
<td>4,159,208</td>
<td>923,743</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,082,951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$45,521,581</td>
<td>$964,796</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$46,486,377</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
B. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation

A summary of changes in Capital Assets Net of Depreciation values based on current and prior year depreciation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Balance at 6/30/15</th>
<th>Prior Years</th>
<th>Current Year</th>
<th>Balance at 6/30/15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Land</td>
<td>$1,889,399</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>$1,889,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings, improvements, and equipment</td>
<td>39,472,974</td>
<td>6,609,152</td>
<td>992,700</td>
<td>31,871,122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction work in progress - capitalized interest</td>
<td>41,053</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>41,053</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction work in progress</td>
<td>5,082,951</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,082,951</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$46,486,377</td>
<td>$6,609,152</td>
<td>$992,700</td>
<td>$38,884,525</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Series 2005 lease revenue bonds, original face value of $9,800,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2005 at 3.25% increasing to 5.55% interest and concluding December 1, 2035, issued to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center. $8,005,000

2. Series 2006 lease revenue bonds, original face value of $5,300,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning June 1, 2007 at 4.77% interest and concluding 2037, issued to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center. 4,450,000

3. Series 2009 lease revenue bonds, original face value of $1,500,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2010 at 4.75% increasing to 5.50% interest and concluding December 1, 2029, issued to provide additional funding for the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center. 1,245,000

4. Series 2011 lease revenue bonds, in the original principal amount of $5,500,000, with interest and principal payable monthly at interest rate currently 3.29% concluding November 1, 2035. The bond refunded Series 2007 bond and provided financing of public safety building. $5,093,905

5. Series 2014A lease revenue bonds, original face value of $7,290,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning September 1, 2015 at 3% increasing to 4% interest and concluding September 1, 2033, issued to refinance the 2004B lease revenue bonds. 7,290,000

6. Series 2014B lease revenue bonds, original face value of $7,365,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2015 at 3% increasing to 5% interest and concluding December 1, 2029, issued to refinance the 2004A lease revenue bonds. 7,365,000

7. Series 2014C lease revenue bonds, original face value of $3,000,000, with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2015 at 1.3% increasing to 3.35% interest and concluding December 1, 2034, issued to provide funding for construction of to the Berkeley County E911 Dispatch facilities. 3,000,000

Total long term debt $36,448,905
C. Long-term Debt - Lease Revenue Bonds (Continued)

The total of principal and interest due on bonds during the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Due in fiscal year ending</th>
<th>Principal</th>
<th>Interest</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>1,407,394</td>
<td>1,325,845</td>
<td>2,733,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>1,458,319</td>
<td>1,277,679</td>
<td>2,735,998</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>1,519,442</td>
<td>1,234,606</td>
<td>2,754,048</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>1,545,770</td>
<td>1,193,292</td>
<td>2,739,062</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>1,592,308</td>
<td>1,140,161</td>
<td>2,732,469</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021-2025</td>
<td>8,882,529</td>
<td>4,810,268</td>
<td>13,692,797</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2026-2030</td>
<td>10,497,051</td>
<td>3,002,834</td>
<td>13,499,885</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2031-2035</td>
<td>8,217,195</td>
<td>1,137,339</td>
<td>9,354,534</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2036-2037</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>53,777</td>
<td>1,382,673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>36,448,905</strong></td>
<td><strong>15,175,801</strong></td>
<td><strong>51,624,706</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A summary of changes in Long-Term Debt for the fiscal year follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Balance at 6/30/2014</th>
<th>Additions</th>
<th>Deductions</th>
<th>Balance at 6/30/2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004A Series Bonds</td>
<td>7,695,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(7,695,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004B Series Bonds</td>
<td>7,390,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(7,390,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2005 Series Bonds</td>
<td>8,240,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(235,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2006 Series Bonds</td>
<td>4,575,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(125,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009 Series Bonds</td>
<td>1,300,000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(55,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011 Series Bonds</td>
<td>5,256,145</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(162,240)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014A Series Bonds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,290,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014B Series Bonds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>7,365,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014C Series Bonds</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,000,000</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Totals</strong></td>
<td><strong>34,456,145</strong></td>
<td><strong>17,655,000</strong></td>
<td><strong>(15,662,240)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>$ 36,448,905</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 15,175,801</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 51,624,706</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 3. Subsequent Events

A. Bond Issuance

The Berkeley County Building Commission is planning to issue Series 2015 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount not to exceed $11,000,000, maturing no later than December 1, 2035 and the average interest rate not to exceed five (5%) per annum. These bonds are expected to refund the Building Commission’s Series 2005 and 2009 Bonds and close in the fall of 2015.