AUDIT REPORT OF

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011



Lisa K. Thornburg, CPA

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

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BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF FUNDS INCLUDED IN REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Major Funds

General County
Coal Severance Tax
E-911 Fees

Nonmajor Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Dog and Kennel
Magistrate Court
Emergency Communication 911
Federal Grants
Project Life Saver
Gypsy Moth
Planning Commission
Sheriff's Concealed Weapons
Voters Registration
Cops Universal Hiring Grant-Federal-100
Homeland Security-Citizen Corp-Federal
Homeland Sec-Law Enforcement-Federal
Ed Byrne DOJ Grant
Homeland Security Grant-Federal

Ed Byrne DOJ Grant
Homeland Security Grant-Federal
Musselman Middle School
Panhandle Transit Grant-State
Court Security Grant-State
Hazardous Material Environmental Grant
Community Corrections Grant
Roundhouse Authority Grant
South Berkeley Community Tree Grant
Governor's Community Batt Grant-State

General School Worthless Check Home Confinement Fiduciary Park Land Acquisition Enhanced E-911 Equipment Assessor Valuation Special Law Enforcement Forfeiture Prosecuting Attorney Forfeiture Task Force Reimbursement-Federal **Bullet Proof Vest-Federal** ESPG-Federal FEMA Hazard Mitigation-Federal Community Library Reading Grant-State Youth Fair Grant-State Sheriff's Dept Grant-State **Humane Society Grant-State** Morgan's Cabin Grant-State Rooney Park Grant-State Berkeley 4-H Camp Grant-State

Berkeley Co Emergency Amb Grant-State

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE

Major Fund

Building Commission

FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES

Agency Funds

State School Municipal County Offices Other Agency

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA COUNTY OFFICIALS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

OFFICE	NAME	<u>TERM</u>
	Elected Officials	
County Council	William L. Stubblefield	01-01-07 / 12-31-12
	Elaine C. Mauck	01-01-11 / 12-31-12
	Anthony J. Petrucci	01-01-09 / 12-31-14
	James P. Whitacre	01-01-11 / 12-31-14
	Douglas E. Copenhaver, Jr.	01-01-11 / 12-31-16
Clerk of the		
County Council:	John W. Small, Jr.	01-01-11 / 12-31-16
Clerk of the Circuit Court:	Virginia M. Sine	01-01-11 / 12-31-16
Sheriff:	Kenneth M. Lemaster	01-01-09 / 12-31-12
Prosecuting Attorney:	Pamela Games-Neely	01-01-09 / 12-31-12
Assessor:	Patricia A. Kilmer	02-19-09 / 12-31-12
	<u>Appointed</u>	
Administrator	Deborah E. Hammond	

LISA K. THORNBURG, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Members of the Berkeley County Council Martinsburg, West Virginia 25401

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Berkeley County, West Virginia (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

Except as discussed in the following paragraph, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The financial statements do not include financial data for all of the County's legally separate component units. These financial statements do include the Berkeley County Building Commission as a blended component unit, but the County's discretely presented component units are not included. The financial statements of the Berkeley County Building Commission have been audited. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for all component units to be reported with the financial data of the County's primary government unless the County also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for those component units. The County has not issued such reporting entity financial statements. Because of this departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, it is not known how the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues and expenses of the aggregate discretely presented component units would have been reported.

In our opinion, because of the omission of the discretely presented component units, as discussed above, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Berkeley County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended.

Honorable Members of the Berkeley County Council Page 2

Further, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Berkeley County, West Virginia, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, the cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Coal Severance Tax Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 28, 2012, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The County has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and the budgetary comparison for the Assessor's Valuation Fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements of the County. The budgetary comparison for the Assessor's Valuation Fund is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Respectfully submitted,

Hear K. Thornburg, CPA

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2011

		Primary	Go	vernment	_	
		Governmental		Business-type	•	
ASSETS		Activities	_	Activities	_	<u>Total</u>
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,377,534.65	\$	2,148.00	\$	7,379,682.65
Restricted assets						
Investments		0.00		679,639.00		679,639.00
Receivables, net						
Taxes		1,317,615.12		0.00		1,317,615.12
Other governmental entities		60,844.91		0.00		60,844.91
Capital assets net of depreciation:						
Land		745,502.00		1,889,399.00		2,634,901.00
Building		1,656,965.00		33,017,176.00		34,674,141.00
Machinery and equipment		3,952,393.60		0.00		3,952,393.60
Construction in progress		0.00		4,159,210.00		4,159,210.00
Building improvements		1,182,552.58		0.00		1,182,552.58
Unamortized bond issue costs, net of amortization		0.00		930,829.00		930,829.00
Total assets	\$	16,293,407.86	_\$	40,678,401.00	\$	56,971,808.86
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities payable from current assets:						
Accounts payable	\$	427,460.61	\$	8,801.00	\$	436,261.61
OPEB payable		210,906.28		0.00		210,906.28
Wages and related cost		341,176.00		0.00		341,176.00
Due other gov't		22,500.00		0.00		22,500.00
Interest payable		0.00		216,051.00		216,051.00
Dormant checks		1,690.01		0.00		1,690.01
Current portion of long-term debt		363,649.00		825,000.00		1,188,649.00
Total current liabilities		1,367,381.90		1,049,852.00		2,417,233.90
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Leases payable		1,350,140.00		0.00		1,350,140.00
Compensated absences		506,013.09		0.00		506,013.09
Long term debt		0.00		34,124,892.00		34,124,892.00
Long term debt premium		0.00		9,216.00		9,216.00
Long term debt discount		0.00		(155,410.00)		(155,410.00)
Total non-current liabilities		1,856,153.09		33,978,698.00		35,834,851.09
Total Liabilities	-	3,223,534.99		35,028,550.00		38,252,084.99
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	5,823,624.18	\$	5,872,555.00	\$	11,696,179.18
Restricted		996,196.01		679,639.00		1,675,835.01
Assigned		414,043.54		0.00		414,043.54
Unassigned		5,836,009.14		(902,343.00)		4,933,666.14
Total net assets	-	13,069,872.87		5,649,851.00		18,719,723.87
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	16,293,407.86	\$	40,678,401.00	\$	56,971,808.86
	=		= :		: :	

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

							Net (Expense) Revenues and						
			Program Revenues			_	Changes in Net Assets						
			Charges	es Operating Grants and			Primary Go		ernment				
			for			-	Governmental		Business-type				
	Expense	<u>.</u>	Services		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total		
Functions / Programs													
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 17,277,951	41 \$	4,485,443.33	S	621,573.81	s	(12,170,934.27)	s	0.00	\$	(12,170,934.27)		
Public safety	9,575,096		0.00	•	0.00	•	(9,575,096.21)	•	0.00	•	(9,575,096.21)		
Health and sanitation	169,836		0.00		0.00		(169,836.77)		0.00		(169,836.77)		
Culture and recreation	1,188,208		0.00		0.00		(1,188,208.30)		0.00		(1,188,208.30)		
Social services	119,630		0.00		0.00		(119,630.50)		0.00		(119,630.50)		
200.00	_			-		•				-			
Total Governmental Activities	28,330,723	19_	<u>4,485,443.33</u>		621,573.81		(23,223,706.05)		0.00	-	(23,223,706.05)		
Business-type activities:													
Building Commission	2,389,761	00	2,351,037.00		0.00		0.00		(38,724.00)	_	(38.724.00)		
Total Primary Government	\$ <u>30,720,484</u>	.19_S	6,836,480.33	s	621,573.81	; <u>.</u>	(23,223,706.05)		(38,724.00)	_	(23,262,430.05)		
	General rev	enu c s:											
	Ad valoren	prop	erty taxes				17,490,879.38		0.00		17,490,879.38		
	Other taxes	,					2,335,780.60		0.00		2,335,780.60		
	Fines and f	orfeitu	ıres				917,081.43		0.00		917,081.43		
	Unrestricte	d inve	stment earnings				93,203.26		1,186.00		94,389.26		
	Miscellane	us					2,737,912.12		8,300.00		2,746,212.12		
	Reimburse	nent					345,447.35		0.00		345,447.35		
	Total gener	al reve	nucs			_	23,920,304.14		9,486.00	_	23,929,790.14		
	Increase in	net ass	ets				696,598.09		(29,238.00)		667,360.09		
	Net assets, beg	inniag	of year			-	12,373,274.78		5,679,089.00	_	14,567,142.60		

Net assets - ending

\$ <u>13,069,872.87</u> \$ <u>5,649,851.00</u> \$ <u>18,719,723.87</u>

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2011

				Major Funds			Total		
	•			Coal	•	Other Nonmajor	Governmental		
		Severance						Governmental	
		<u>General</u>		Tax		E-911 Fees		<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS									
Current:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,563,874.51	\$	361,042.49	\$	1,416,011.79	\$	1,036,605.86 \$	7,377,534.65
Receivables:									
Taxes		1,317,615.12		0.00		0.00		0.00	1,317,615.12
Due from:									
Other funds		157.50		22,342.50		245,567.17		0.00	268,067.17
Other goy't entities	-	24,792.69		0.00	. .	0.00		36,052.22	60,844.91
Total assets	\$_	5,906,439.82	\$	383,384.99	. \$	1,661,578.96	\$	1,072,658.08 \$	9,024,061.85
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCI	ES								
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	304,690.26	\$	17,399.91	\$	85,881.22	\$	19,489.22 \$	427,460.61
OPEB payable		198,933.43		0.00		0.00		11,972.85	210,906.28
Wages and benefits payable		341,176.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	341,176.00
Due to:									
Other funds		245,567.17		0.00		0.00		22,500.00	268,067.17
Dormant checks		1,690.01		0.00		0.00		22,500.00	24,190.01
Deferred revenues:									
Taxes	_	997,118.54		0.00		0.00		0.00	997,118.54
Total liabilities	-	2,089,175.41		17,399.91		85,881.22	- •	76,462.07	2,268,918.61
Fund balances:									
Restricted		0.00		0.00		0.00		996,196.01	996,196.01
Assigned		336,164.40		5,548.98		72,330.16		0.00	414,043.54
Unassigned		3,481 <u>,100.01</u>		360,436.10		1,503,367.58		0.00	5,344,903.69
Total fund balances	_	3,817,264.41		365,985.08		1,575,697.74		996,196.01	6,755,143.24
Total liabilities and fund balances	S	5,906,439.82	\$	383,384.99	\$	1,661,578.96	\$	1,072,658.08 \$	9,024,061.85

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

June 30, 2011

Total fund balances on the governmental fund's balance sheet.	\$ 6,755,143.24
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets purchased in fund level statements are expensed when purchased and not reported as financial resources in the funds. In the government wide financial statements capital assets are capitalized and depreciated over their useful life. Therefore, capital assets purchased in fund level statements must be added to fund level statement at asset cost net of depreciation. This is the current value of capital assets net of depreciation as reported in the Statement of Net Assets.	7,537,413.18
Certain revenues are not available to fund current year expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. This is the amount of delinquent property taxes that was estimated to be collectable, but would be collected more than sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Government wide financial statements are reported on a full accrual basis with no deferred revenues. This is the amount of taxes deferred in the fund level financial statements that is reported as revenue in the government wide financial statements.	997,118.54
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in fund level statements. In government wide financial statement, all measurable costs are report as expenses regardless of when they may be paid. This is the gross amount of compensated absences that was calculated as payable by county government as of the end of the current fiscal year.	(506,013.09)
Lease payments are reported in the fund level statements as current expenses when actually paid. In government wide financial statements, all future lease payments related to the purchase of capital assets are reported as debt against the capital asset value.	(1,713,789.00)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 13,069,872.95

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

		Major Funds			
					Total
		Coal		Other Nonmajor	
		Severance		Governmental	Governmental
	General	<u>Tax</u>	E-911 Fecs	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
REVENUES					
Taxes:					
Ad valorem property taxes	17,208,473.76 \$	0.00 \$	0.00 \$	0.00 \$	17,208,473.76
Other taxes	1,816,373.66	465,906.99	0.00	53,499.95	2,335,780.60
Intergovernmental:		•			, .
Federal	70,030.21	0.00	0.00	281,669.87	351,700.08
State	0.00	0.00	0.00	269,873.73	269,873.73
Charges for services	2,039,546.68	0.00	2,283,282.94	162,613.71	4,485,443.33
Fines and forfeits	295,495.25	0.00	0.00	621,586.18	917,081.43
Interest and investment earnings	67,953.36	2,018.29	12,796.59	10,435.02	93,203.26
Miscellaneous	1,351,731.95	8,928.00	5,819.41	1,371,432.76	2,737,912.12
Reimbursement transfers	345,447.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	345,447.35
Total revenues	23,195,052.22	476,853.28	2,301,898.94	2,771,111.22	28,744,915.66
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	13,829,873.11	182,465.29	0.00	2,079,612.14	16,091,950.54
Public safety	6,202,902.28	42,970.00	2,132,799.03	790,828.93	9,169,500.24
Health and sanitation	164,414.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	164,414.27
Culture and recreation	1,187,248.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,187,248.30
Social services	98,188.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	98,188.00
Capital outlay	320,413.67	0.00	0.00	150,000.00	470,413.67
Total expenditures	21,803,039.63	225,435.29	2,132,799.03	3,020,441.07	27,181,715.02
Excess of revenues over					
expenditures	1,392,012.59	251,417.99	169,099.91	(249,329.85)	1,563,200.64
FUND BALANCES:					
Beginning fund balance:					
General Fund	1,828,773.32	0.00	0.00	1,842,004.36	3,670,777.68
Coal Severance Fund	0.00	114,567.09	0.00	0.00	114,567.09
E-911 Fund	0.00	0.00	1,406,597.83	0.00	1,406,597.83
OPEB Fund	77,363.00	0.00	0.00	(77,363.00)	0.00
Rainy Day Fund	511,604.14	0.00	0.00	(511,604.14)	0.00
Engineering Fees Fund	7,511.36	0.00	0.00	(7,511.36)	0.00
Total beginning fund balance	2,425,251.82	114,567.09	1,406,597.83	1,245,525.86	5,191,942.60
Fund balances - ending	3,817,264.41 \$	365,985.08 \$	1,575,697.74	996,196.01 \$	6,755,143.24

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

 	Major Funds			
	Coal		Other Nonmajor	Total
	Severance		Governmental	Governmental
<u>General</u>	Tax	E-911 Fees	Funds	Funds

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds.	\$	1,563,200.64
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the government wide financials. This is the amount of depreciation that was charged as an expense to the different governmental activities for the current fiscal year		(1,099,168.95)
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. This is the amount reported as expenditures for capital assets in the current fiscal year.		258,570.00
Compensated absences liability is not reported in the governmental funds because it does not require the use of current resources. However, the liability for compensated absences is accrued in the government wide financial statements on a year to year basis. This is the amount compensated absences for annual leave increased in the current fiscal year in the government wide financial statements.	1	(18,100.47)
Lease payments are expensed when paid in fund level financial statements. However, assets obtained through a lease purchase agreement are capitalized and depreciated in the government wide financial statements. This is the gross amount of lease payments, including interest, that were expensed in the current fiscal year. Certain revenues are not available to fund current year expenditures and therefore are deferred in the fund level financial statements. However, all measurable revenues are accrued in the government wide financial statements from year to year. This is the amount accrued taxes increased in the government wide financial statements in the current fiscal year.	: :	(290,308.75) 282,405.62
Change in net assets of governmental activities	s _	696,598.09

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual Modified <u>Accrual</u> Basis		djustments Budget <u>Basis</u>	Actual Amounts Budget <u>Basis</u>	F	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Taxes:	s	17,561,055	e	17,561,055	c	17,208,474	•	(34,342) \$	17,174,132	c	(386,923)
Ad valorem property Other taxes	3	1,873,041	3	1,604,279	3	1,816,374	3	(34,342) 3	1,816,374		212,095
Intergovernmental:		1,075,041		1,004,272		1,010,77		v	1,010,074		2,2,050
Federal		0		2,046		70,030		0	70,030		67,984
Charges for services		1,768,252		1,768,252		2,013,197		0	2,013,197		244,945
Fines and forfeits		331,358		317,456		295,495		0	295,495		(21,961)
Interest		119,282		82,627		60,699		0	60,699		(21,928)
Miscellaneous		702,121		1,022,636		1,351,732		27,500	1,379,232		356,596
Transfers		75,000		75,000		68,084		0	68,084	_	(6,916)
Total revenues	_	22,430,109	_	22,433,351		22,884,085		(6,842)	22,877,243		443,892
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		14,660,123		15,676,995		13,829,873		199,224	14,029,097		1,647,898
Public safety		7,051,235		7,718,888		6,202,902		(27,719)	6,175,183		1,543,705
Health and sanitation		191,017		191,017		164,414		(600)	163,814		27,203
Culture and recreation		1,236,047		1,236,047		1,187,248		0	1,187,248		48,799
Social services		98,188		98,188		98,188		0	98,188		0
Capital projects	_	193,499	_	388,117		320,414	- —	8,000	328,414		59,703
Total expenditures	_	23,430,109	_	25,309,252		21,803,039	_	179,505	21,981,944	_	3,327,308
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over expenditures		(1,000,000)		(2,875,901)		1,081,046		(186,347)	895,299		3,771,200
Fund balances, beginning		1,000,000	_	2,875,901		1,828,773		(1,081,046)	2,909,819	_	33,918
Fund balances, ending	s_	0	s _	0	. S _	2,909,819	<u>.</u> s_	(1,267,393) \$	3,805,118	s	3,805,118

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - COAL SEVERANCE TAX FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		<u>Original</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual Modified Accrual Basis	Adjustments Budget Basis		Actual Amounts Budget <u>Basis</u>	,	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		01321141		<u> </u>		12000	4				11.02.000.00
Taxes:											
Coal severance tax	\$	295,808	\$	295,808	\$	465,907	\$ 0	\$	465,907	\$	170,099
Interest and investment		1,000		1,000		2,018	0		2,018		1,018
Miscellaneous	_	0		0		8,928	 0		8,928	. .	8,928
Total revenues	_	296,808	_	296,808		476,853	 0		476,853		180,045
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General government		212,705		306,502		182,465	0		182,465		124,037
Public Safety	_	84,103		84,103		42,970	 0		42,970		41,133
Total expenditures	_	296,808		390,605		225,435	 0		225,435		165,170
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	es										
over expenditures		0		(93,797)		251,418	0		251,418		345,215
Fund balances - beginning	_	0	_	93,797		114,567	0		114,567	_	20,770
Fund balances - ending	s _	0	. . .	0	. \$_	365,985	\$ 0	. \$ _	365,985	. \$_	365,985

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2011

Business-type Activities

	Enterprise Fund
ASSETS	Building Commission
Current Assets:	\$ 2.148.00
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,148.00
Total current assets	2,148.00
Restricted:	(70 (20 00
Investments	679,639.00
Total restricted assets	679,639.00
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation:	
Land	1,889,399.00
Buildings and equipment	33,017,176.00
Construction in progress	4,159,210.00
Nct capital assets	39,065,785.00
Other assets:	
Unamortized bond issue costs	930,829.00
Total other assets	930,829.00
Total assets	\$ 40,678,401.00
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:	
Accounts payable	\$ 8,801.00
Bonds payable, current portion	825,000.00
Accrued interest Total current liabilities	216,051.00
Total current fraomities	1,049,852.00
Noncurrent liabilities:	0.4.104.000.00
Bonds payable Long-term debt premium	34,124,892.00 9,216.00
Long-term debt discount	(155,410.00)
-	(150,110.00)
Total noncurrent liabilities	33,978,698.00
Total liabilities	35,028,550.00
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets	\$ 5,872,555.00
Restricted	679,639.00
Unrestricted	(902,343.00)
Total net assets	\$ 5,649,851.00
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 40,678,401.00
The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Business-type Activitie <u>Enterprise Fund</u>			
	Building Commission			
Operating revenues:				
Lease income	\$	2,351,037		
Intergovernmental:				
State	-	8,300		
Total operating revenues	-	2,359,337		
Operating expenses:				
Professional fees		11,350		
Depreciation	-	876,960		
Total operating expenses	_	888,310		
Operating income (loss)	-	1,471,027		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income		1,186		
Amortization of debt issue expenses		(41,380)		
Bank trustee fees		(4,803)		
Interest expense	-	(1,455,268)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(1,500,265)		
Change in net assets		(29,238)		
Net assets at beginning of year	_	5,679,089		
Net assets at end of year	\$_	5,649,851		

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS- PROPRIETARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Business-type Activities
___Enterprise Fund

	231101 51130 1 4114
	Building Commission
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received for leases	\$ 2,351,037
Cash received from intergovernmental contributions and grants - local	8,300
Cash paid to vendors	(3,500)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,355,837
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(231,886)
Principal paid on bonds payable	(805,000)
Decrease in restricted assets	140,794
Payments for bank trustee fees	(4,802)
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(1,455,213)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(2,356,107)
Cash flows from investing and other activities:	
Interest received	1,186
Net cash provided (used) by investing and other activities	1,186
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	916
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2009	1,232
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2010	\$
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 1,471,027
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	876,960
Increase in accounts payable	7,850
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2011

 Agency Funds
\$ 522,422.08
\$ 522,422.08
\$ 0.00
_

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as noted, the accounting policies of Berkeley County, West Virginia, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

Berkeley County is one of fifty-five counties established under the Constitution and the Laws of the State of West Virginia. There are six offices elected county-wide, which are: County Council, County Clerk, Circuit Clerk, Assessor, Sheriff, and Prosecuting Attorney.

The County Council is the legislative body for the government, and as such budgets and provides all the funding used by the separate Constitutional Offices except for the offices of the Assessor and the Sheriff, which also have additional revenue sources. The County Clerk's office maintains the accounting system for the county's operations. The operations of the County as a whole, however, including all the Constitutional offices have been combined in these financial statements.

The services provided by the government and accounted for within these financial statements include law enforcement for unincorporated areas of the county, health and social services, cultural and recreational programs, and other governmental services.

The accompanying financial statements do not present the government and its component unit as required by generally accepted accounting principles. In determining whether to include a governmental department, agency, commission or organization as a component unit, the government must evaluate each entity as to whether they are legally separate and financially accountable based on the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Legal separateness is evaluated on the basis of (1) its corporate name, (2) the right to sue and be sued and (3) the right to buy, sell or lease and mortgage property. Financial accountability is based on (1) the appointment of the governing authority and (2) the ability to impose will or (3) the providing of specific financial benefit or imposition of specific financial burden. Another factor to consider in this evaluation is whether an entity is fiscally dependent on the County.

Blended Component Unit

The entity below is legally separate from the County and meets generally accepted accounting principles enteria for component units. This entity is blended with the primary government because they provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County.

The Berkeley County Building Commission serves the citizens of Berkeley County, and is governed by a board comprised of five board members appointed by the County Commission for a term of five years each. The Building Commission acquires property and debt on behalf of the County. The Building Commission is reported as an enterprise fund. Complete financial statements of the Berkeley County Building Commission can be obtained at the County's administrative offices.

Discretely presented Component Units

Although required by generally accepted accounting principles, the County has elected not to include other discretely presented component units in these financial statements. The effects of this exclusion has not been determined.

Related Organizations

The County's officials are also responsible for appointing the members of boards of other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making the appointments.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and certain component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Combining financial statements for the non-major governmental funds are included as supplementary information.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied and collectable. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, interest and special assessments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts and taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the accrual criteria is met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General County Fund; this fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial sources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Coal Severance Tax Fund; this is a special revenue fund and accounts for revenues and expenditures from a severance tax placed on coal that is distributed to West Virginia counties. The State Auditor's Office requires an annual budget be submitted for approval for this fund.

E-911 Fee Fund; this is a special revenue fund and accounts for revenues and expenditures for fees charged to phone customer and remitted by the phone company to the county. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to those costs authorized and allowed by the Public Service Commission.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Special Revenue Funds: these funds account for revenues and expenditures that are restricted due to the nature of the revenue source. The funds are created based on State Code authorization and purpose, or may be created for the control of special funding from outside sources or government grants. A fund may remain activity for several years or may be used one time to facilitate control over specific funding.

The agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the full accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that Berkeley County, West Virginia holds for others in an agency capacity.

Berkeley County, West Virginia follows GASB guidance as applicable to proprietary funds and FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB Pronouncements in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

The government reports the following major business-type activities fund:

Borkeley County Building Commission: this blended component unit arranges for debt service funding and the acquisition of large dollar capital assets and capital improvements needed by county government. The legally separate entity leases these facilities to the primary government in accordance with lease agreements which mirror the securing debt requirements. The intergovernmental lease agreements between the County and the Building Commission were eliminated in these financial statements. The hoard promulgates rules and regulations governing the usage and maintenance of the facilities. This component unit records its financial activities on the Proprietary Fund Basis of Accounting.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Berkeley County Building Commission, a blended component unit, is charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

Berkeley County, West Virginia's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of acquisition. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, restricted assets may be considered eash equivalents based on liquidity.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the County reports its investments at fair value, except for non-participating investment contracts (certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements) which are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in fair value of investments, are recognized as revenue in the operating statement. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices.

Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Managed funds related to the retirement systems not listed on an established market are reported at estimated fair value as determined by the respective fund managers based on quoted sales prices of underlying securities. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

State statutes authorize the government to invest in the State Investment Pool or the Municipal Bond Commission or to invest such funds in the following classes of securities: Obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, certificates of deposit (which mature in less than one year), general and direct obligations of the state of West Virginia; obligations of the federal mortgage association; indebtedness secured by first lien deed of trusts for property situated within this state if the payment is substantially insured or guaranteed by the federal government; pooled mortgage trusts (subject to limitations); indebtedness of any private corporation that is properly graded as in the top two or three highest rating grades; interest earning deposits which are fully insured or collateralized; and mutual funds registered with S.E.C. which have fund assets over three hundred million dollars.

2. Receivables and Payables

Interfund Transactions

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "interfund receivables or payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" and are considered current. Any residual balance outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internul balances".

Property Tax Receivable

Property taxes receivable were estimated to be \$1,317,615; this amount is net of an allowance for uncollectibles and represents approximately 89% percent of the property taxes outstanding at June 30, 2011.

All current taxes assessed on real and personal property may be paid in two installments; the first installment is payable on September first of the year for which the assessment is made, and becomes delinquent on October first; the second installment is payable on the first day the following March and becomes delinquent on April first. Taxes paid on or before the date when they are payable, including both first and second installments, are subject to a discount of two and one-half percent. If the taxes are not paid on or before the date in which they become delinquent, including both first and second installments, interest at the rate of nine percent per annum is added from the date they become delinquent until the date they are paid. Taxes paid on or before the due date are allowed a two and one half percent discount. A tax lien is issued for all unpaid real estate taxes as of the date of the sheriff's sale and these liens are sold between October 14th and November 23rd of each year. Sixty days of estimated property tax collections are recorded in revenues at the end of each fiscal year.

All counties within the state are authorized to tevy taxes not in excess of the following maximum levies per \$100 of assessed valuation: On Class I property, fourteen and three-tenths cents (14.30 cents); On Class II property, twenty-eight and sixtenths cents (28.60 cents); On Class III property, fifty-seven and two-tenths cents (57.20 cents) On Class IV property, fifty-seven and two-tenths cents (57.20 cents). In addition, counties may provide for an election to lay an excess levy; the rates not to exceed statutory limitations, provided at least sixty percent of the voters cast ballots in favor of the excess levy.

The rates levied by the County per \$100 of assessed valuation for each class of property for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, were as follows:

	Assessed	Current
Class of	Valuation For	Expense
Property	Tax Purposes	Per \$100
Class I	5 -	12.43 Cents
Class II	\$ 3.140,909,591	24.86 Cents
Class III	\$ 1,448,692,415	49.72 Cents
Class IV	\$ 490,906,661	49.72 Cents

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

There are no material inventories maintained; therefore they do not appear on the financial statements.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

4. Restricted Assets

Certain assets of the Berkeley County Building Commission are classified as restricted assets because their use is restricted by bond agreements.

The "regular" account is used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.

The "reserve" account is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the regular account.

5. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial as stated below and having a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized in proprietary funds as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds during the same period. The County capitalized \$81,413 of interest expense, net of \$591 of interest income, for the year ended June 30, 2011.

The government depreciates the capital assets using the straight-line method. Capital assets depreciation and capitalization polices are defined by the government as follows:

	Straight-line	Capitalize/
Asset	Years	Depreciate
Land	not applicable	Capitalize only
Land improvement	20 to 30 years	65,000
Building	40 years	59,000
Building improvements	20 to 25 years	65,000
Construction in progress	not applicable	Capitalize only
Equipment	5 to 10 years	10,000
Vehicles	5 to 10 years	15,000

6. Compensated Absences

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences. Vacation and sick leave benefits are accrued on a calendar year beginning January 1, and ending December 31. Sick leave benefits are accrued at the rate of one and one half days per month and an unlimited amount of sick leave benefits can be carried forward to the following calendar year. Employees earn vacation benefits based on the years of service as follows and no more than 30 days of accrued annual leave can be carried forward to the following calendar year:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Vacation
Years of	Benefits per
Service	<u>Month</u>
0 to 5	1.25 days
5 to 10	1.50 days
10 to 15	1.75 days
15 and over	2.00 days

When a permanent full time employee terminates employment with the county or retires, the employee has the option of receiving payment at current salary rate for any unused accrued vacation days, but no payment is made for unused sick leave. If the employee is actually retiring, the employee has the option of applying accrued vacation and sick leave days for additional service time for retirement. If the employee is not retiring and terminates employment with the county for other reasons and has the option of re-employment at a later date, any unused sick leave would be reinstated if re-employment occurred within two year of the employee's termination of employment with the county. The changes that occurred in the county's compensated absences liability for the last two fiscal years is as follows:

Liability classification		FYE 6/30/10	FYE 6/30/11	Increase
Annual Leave	s [—]	487,913 \$	506,013 \$	18,100

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

8. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that are not in spendable form, such as inventory, or are required to be maintained intact, such as the corpus of an endowment fund.

Restricted fund balance - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government) through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned fund balance - Amounts the government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

Unassigned fund balance - Amounts that are available for any purpose; these amounts are reported only in the general fund.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets as of June 30, 2011.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The governmental fund halance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance total governmental funds and net assets-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. The details of this difference are as follows:

Total fund balances for governmental funds			\$	6,755,143
Total capital asset values net of depreciation not reported in fund level statements	\$	7,537,413		
Total property tax revenue accrued as revenue in the government wide financial				
statements but deferred in the fund level financial statements.		997,119		
Total compensated absence liability at the end of the fiscal year.		(506,013)		
Total equipment lease liability at the end of the fiscal year.		(1,713,789)		
Net adjustment to increase fund level ending fund balances to ending net assets of				
government activities:	s_	6,314,730	_	6,314.730
Net Asset of governmental activities			\$_	13,069,873

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The details of this difference are as follows:

Net change in fund halance in fund level financial statement		1,563,200.64
Total current year depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities exceeded current asset additions in the current year by this amount.	\$	(840,598.95)
Any change in the compensated absence liability at the end of the fiscal year is reported as an increase or decrease of the accrued cost reported in the statement of activities but is not reported in fund level statement because is does not require the use of current resources. During the current fiscal year the future liability for		
compensated absences increased this amount.		(18,100.47)
Lease payments are expensed when paid in fund level statements. However, assets obtained through a lease purchase agreement are capitalized and depreciated in government wide financial statements. This is the gross amount of lease payments that were expensed in current fiscal year.		(290,308.75)
Any change in the amount of property taxes deferred in the fund level statements at the end of the fiscal year is reported as an increase or decrease of property tax revenue in the statement of activities. This is the amount that deferred property taxes increase in the current fiscal year in the fund level statements and was accrued as revenue in the statement of activities.		282,405.62
	-	
Not adjustment to decrease net change in fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$	696,598.09

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund and the Coal Severance Tux Special Revenue Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Berkeley County, West Virginia prepares its budget on the cash basis of accounting. Therefore, a reconciliation has been performed on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual for both the General and Coal Severance Tax Funds.

Prior to March 2nd of each year, the various elected officials submit to the county commission proposed requests for their respective offices for the fiscal year commencing July 1. Upon review and approval of these requests, the county commission prepares proposed budgets on forms prescribed by the State Auditor and submits them to the State Auditor by March 28 for approval. The county commission then reconvenes on the third Tuesday in April to hear objections from the public and to formally lay the levy.

Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of the formal budgetary process. Encumbrances (e.g. purchase orders, contracts) are reported as reservations of fund balance and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be re-appropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

B. Excess of Expenditures and Encumbrances Over Available Funds:

For the year ended June 30, 2011, expenditures and encumbrances exceeded available funds in certain non major special revenue funds.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

Interest Rate Risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates demanded by the market will adversely affect the value of an investment. The government does not have a policy on interest rate risk.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. The government does not have a policy for credit risk in addition to state regulations.

Concentration of Credit Risk:

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to magnitude of an entity's investment in a single issuer. The government does not have a policy for concentration of credit risk. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosure" requires disclosure when the investment in any one issuer equals or exceeds 5% of the total amount of investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, WV State Code 7-6-2 requires the county council to request and approve a bond with good and sufficient surcties payable to the State of West Virginia, in a sum as the county council shall direct, and which may not be less than the maximum sum that is deposited in the depository at any one time. As of June 30, 2011, the County reported deposits of \$7,377,534.65; of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. The remaining balance of \$7,127,534.65 was collateralized by one or more "Irrevocable Standby Letters of Credit" issued by Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh, Pa. for its member bank, MVB Bank, Inc., the county's depository.

B. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the government's individual major funds and non-major, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Receivables: Taxes	\$	General 1,479,270.00
Less allowance for Uncollectible	_	(161,655.00)
Net Total Receivables	\$_	1,317,615.00

Governmental funds reports deferred revenues in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

		Unavailable
Deferred tax revenue (General Fund)	\$	997,118.42
	;	

C. Capital Assets

<u>Primary Government:</u> Current changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation:	_	Beginning Balance 7/1/2010		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance 6/30/2011
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$_	745,502 00	. \$	0.00	\$_	0.00 \$	745,502.00
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings		2,952,500.00		0.00		0.00	2,952,500.00
Improvements		1,603,199.00		0.00		0.00	1,603,199.00
Equipment	_	9,546,402.00		258,570.00	_	(160,153.00)	9,644,819.00
Less: Total accumulated depreciation	_	6,469,591.00		1,099,169.00	_	(160,153.00)	7,408,607.00
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	7,632,510 00		(840,599.00)	_	(320,306.00)	6,791,911 00
Governmental activities capital assets, not	\$_	8,378,012.00	\$	(840,599 00)	s _	(480,459.00) \$	7,537,413.00

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	673,474.00
Public safety		397,870.00
Health and sanitation		5,423 00
Culture and recreation		21,442.00
Social services	_	960.00
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$	1,099,169.00

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Current changes in capital assets and accumulated depreciation:		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	_		_		_		_	
Land	\$	1,889,399	\$	•	\$	•	\$	1,889,399
Construction in progress - capitalized interest		529,694		-		268,137		261,557
Construction in progress	_	6,661,936	-	-	_	2,764,283	_	3,897,653
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	9,081,029	_	-	_	3,032,420		6,048,609
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings, Improvements and Equipment		33,655,826		3,264,305		-		36,920,131
Less: total accumulated depreciation	_	(3,025,995)	_	(876,960)	_		_	(3,902,955)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	30,629,831	_	2,387,345	_		_	33,017,176
Business-type activities capital assets, net	s _	39,710,860	s _	2,387,345	\$_	3,032,420	\$_	39,065,785
Depreciation expense was charged to functions/progr	ams	of the blended	com	ponent unit a	s fo	llows:		
Business-type activities:								
Berkeley County Building Commission							<u>۔</u>	876,960.00

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2011, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
E-911 Fees	General County Fund	\$ 245,567
General County	Community Corrections	158
General County	Other government entities	24,793
Coal Severance	Community Corrections	22,343
Other government entities	Community Corrections	22,500
Community Corrections	State of WV - Grant Funding	36,051
Total		\$351,412

E. Long-Term Debt

Capital Leases

The government has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of machinery and equipment for its General Fund. These lease agreements qualify as capital assets for accounting purposes, and, therefore they are reported at the present value of future minimum lease payments.

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total Leases:

The total of principal and interest due on Leases during future years are as follows:

Due in fiscal year ending June 30, 2012	363,649
Due in fiscal year ending June 30, 2013	337,535
Due in fiscal year ending June 30, 2014	337,535
Due in fiscal year ending June 30, 2015	337,535
Due in fiscal year ending June 30, 2016	337,535
Total minimum lease payments	1,713,789
Less amount representing interest	253,749
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$1,460,040

Building Commission, a Blended Component Unit General Revenue Bonds

The Building Commission had the following long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2011:

1	Series 2004A general revenue bonds, original face value of \$9,995,000, with interest payable in semi
	annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2004, at 1.45%
	increasing to 4.95% interest and concluding December 1, 2031, issued to refinance a \$9,995,000 general
	revenue bond and to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue
	Ridge Outlet Center.

8,505,000

2 Series 2004B general revenue bonds, original face value of \$9,000,000 with interest payable in semiannual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning March 1, 2005 at 3.75% and increasing to 5% interest and concluding September 1, 2034, issued to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center.

7,995,000

3 Series 2005 general revenue bonds, original face value of \$9,000,000 with interest payable in semiannual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 1, 2005 at 3.25% and increasing to 5.55% interest and concluding December 1, 2035, issued to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center.

8,895,000

4 Series 2006 general revenue bonds, original face value of \$5,300,000 with interest payable in semi-annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning in 2007 at 4.77% and concluding 2037, issued to provide additional funding for the renovation of the buildings known as the Blue Ridge Outlet Center.

4,920,000

5 Series 2007 general revenue bonds, original face value of \$3,185.000 with interest payable in quarterly, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning September 2008 at 3.10% and concluding June 30, 2010, issued to provide funding to purchase additional property to be used as part of the Judicial Center.

3,184,892

6 Series 2009 lease revenue bonds, original face value of \$1,500,000 with interest payable in semi annual installments, and principal payable in annual installments, beginning December 2010 at 4.75% and concluding December 1, 2029, issued to provide funding for the building known as the Blueridge Outlet Center.

1,450,000

Total long term debt

34,949.892

BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The total of principal and interest due on bonds during the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods is as follows:

Fiscal			Blended Component Unit			
Year				Activities		
Ended			Principal	Interest	Total	
2012		\$	825,000 \$	1,508,837 \$	2,333,837	
2013			890,770	1,526,746	2,417,516	
2014			940,732	1,492,487	2,433,219	
2015			978,327	1,456,110	2,434,437	
20 16			1,016,043	1,417,326	2,433,369	
2017-2021			5,755,594	6,405,288	12,160,882	
2022-2026			7,145,186	4,989,502	12,134,688	
2027-2031			8,872,672	3,107,930	11,980,602	
2032-2036			7,283,903	1,105,583	8,389,486	
2037-2041			1,176,225	126,292	1,302,517	
2042			65,439	620	66,059	
Totals		\$	34,949,891 \$	23,136,721 \$	58,086,612	
Changes in General Long-Term	Liabilities					
Governmental Activities	Beginning			Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year	
Capital leases	\$ 2,173,043 \$	0 \$	459,254 \$	1,713,789 \$	363,649	
Annual Leave	462,640	25,273	0	487,913	0	
Net pension obligation	154,726	77,363	0	232,089	0	
-						
Governmental activities						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 2,790,409 \$	102,636 \$	459,254 \$	2,433,791 \$	363,649	
	D • ·					
Dunings time Assistates	Beginning	C	C	Ending	Due Within	
Business-type Activities	Balances	Current	Current	Balance	One Year	
Payanya banda anyabla	6/30/10 \$ 35.754.892 \$	Additions 0 \$	Reductions 805,000 \$	6/30/11 34,949,892 \$	925 000	
Revenue bonds payable	\$ <u>35,754,892</u> \$_		805,000 \$	34,949,892 \$	825,000	
Total bonds payable	35,754,892	0	805,000	34,949,892	825,000	

F. Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts for the primary government and blended component unit are as follows:

	Governmental		Blended	
	_	Activities		Component Unit
Debt Service-Building Commission	\$	0	\$	1,644,419
C911 Fees, General County Fund, Fund #001		245,567		0
E911 Fees, Fund #019		1,506,584		0
Enhanced E-911 Equipment, Fund #037	_	212,192		0
Total restricted assets	\$_	1,964,343	\$	1,644,419

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

V. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government is insured with the West Virginia Counties Group, Self Insurance Risk Pool (WVCoRP).

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds.

The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grant or cannot be determined at this time although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The government's counsel, as of June 30, 2010, was not aware of pending or threatened litigation that would have a material effect on the financial condition of the government if judgment was rendered against the county.

C. Deserred Compensation Plan

The government offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all full-time government employees at their option, permits participants to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death or unforesecable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are held for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

D. Other Post Employment Benefits

The OPEB Liability reported in the fund level and government wide financial statements is based on the most recent Actuarial Study performed for the County and is considered applicable to the Fiscal Year of this financial statement. The Actuarial Study will be updated semi-annually and funding set aside for estimated future liabilities. Detailed information on the basis of the Actuarial Study and the County Commission Policies considered in the review can be obtained from the Berkeley County Council Offices responsible for determining future OPEB Liability Estimates.

The government does not provide post retirement health benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the County, however, employees who elect COBRA are covered under the County's self-insured health plan as all active employees and those retired employees who maintain County health plan coverage.

VI. Employee Retirement Systems and Plans

A. Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Berkeley, West Virginia participates in a state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan on behalf of general county employees. The system is administered by agencies of the State of West Virginia and funded by contributions from participants, employers, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The following is a summary of eligibility factors, contribution methods, and benefit provisions:

Eligibility to participate:

All full-time county employees, except Deputy Sheriffs who

are covered by other pension plans

Authority establishing contribution

obligations and benefit provisions

State Statute

Plan member's contribution rate County's contribution rate

4.50% 12.50%

Period required to vest

Five Years

Benefits and eligibility for distribution

A member who has attained age 60 and has earned 5 years or more of contributing service or age 55 if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 80. The final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last 10) times the years of service times 2% equals the

annual retirement benefit.

Deserred retirement portion

No

Provisions for:

Cost of Living Death

No Yes

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

	An	nuul Pension	Percentage	
Fiscal Year		Cost_	Contributed	
2011	s 	1,159,585	100%	
2010	\$	1,027,347	100%	
2009	\$	997,884	100%	

PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees' Retirement System, Building 5, Room 1000, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Charleston, WV 25305.

B. Plan Descriptions, Contribution Information and Funding Policies

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (WVDRS)

Eligibility to participate

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

West Virginia Deputy sheriffs first employed after the effective date and any deputy sheriffs hired prior to the effective date who elect to become members.

Authority establishing contribution obligations and benefit provisions West Virginia State Code

Funding policy and contributions

Certain fees for reports generated by sheriff's offices are paid to this plan in accordance with West Virginia State Code. WVDRS members are required to contribute 8.5% of their annual covered salary and the county is required to contribute 12.5%. The contribution requirements of WVDRS members are established and may be amended only by the State of West Virginia Legislature.

Period required to vest

Five years

Benefits and eligibility for distribution

A member who has attained age 60 and has carned 5 or more years of contributing service or age 50 and if the sum of his/her age plus years of credited service is equal to or greater than 70. The final average salary (three highest consecutive years in the last ten years) times the years of service times 2.25% equal the annual retirement benefit.

Deferred retirement option

No deferred retirement option is available.

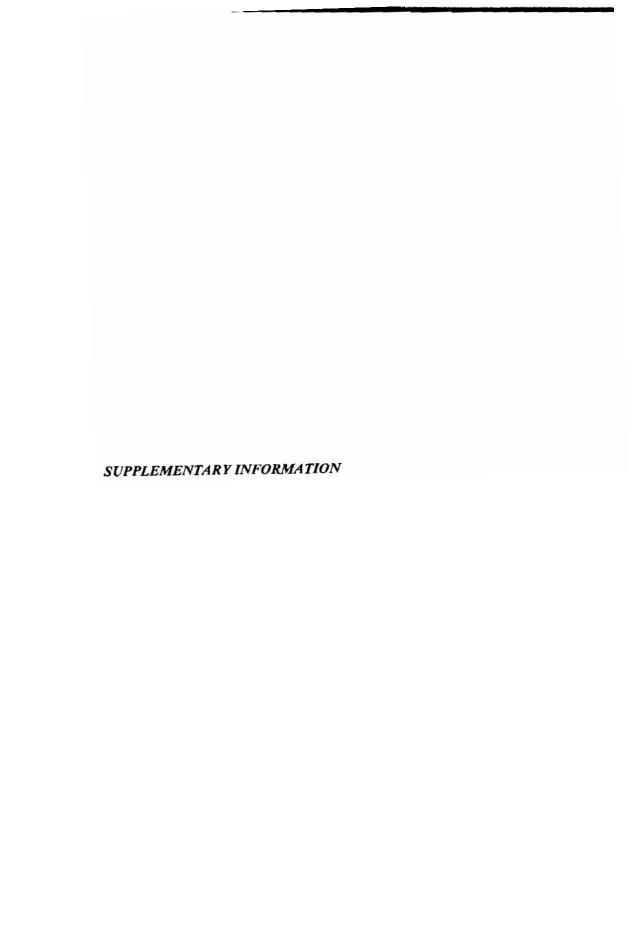
Provisions for cost of living adjustments or death benefits

This plan has no provisions for cost of living adjustments. There are provisions for death benefits.

West Virginia Deputy Sheriff Retirement System (WVDRS)

	Ann	Percentage	
Fiscal Year		Cost	Contributed
2011	s	420,076	100%
2010	\$	403,772	100%
2009	\$	410,714	100%

PERS and WVDRS issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That information may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees' Retirement System, Building 5, Room 1000, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Charleston, WV 25305.



BERKELEY COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ASSESSOR'S VALUATION FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budget Amounts			,	Actual Amount Budget	s	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	-	<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>	•	Basis		(Negative)
Davanuas								
Revenues:	\$	24.00	æ	24.00	¢	52.00	e	28.00
Map sales Miscellaneous	Þ	877,984.00	Þ	877 , 984.00	2	931,195.00	Ф	
		•		•				53,211.00
Interest	-	6,500.00	-	6,500.00		3,976.00	-	(2,524.00)
Total revenues	_	884,508.00	-	884,508.00	. .	935,223.00		50,715.00
Expenditures:								
General government		913,827.00		1,107,960.00		899,087.00		208,873.00
Capital outlay	_	115,000.00	_	57,566.00		57,566.00		0.00
Total expenditures	_	1,028,827.00		1,165,526.00		956,653.00		208,873.00
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(144,319.00)		(281,018.00)		(21,430.00)		259,588.00
Fund balance at								
beginning of year	_	144,319.00		281,018.00		281,018.00		0.00
Fund balance at	ď	0.00	ď	0.00	ø	250 500 00	r	250 500 00
end of year	\$_	0.00	. ⊅ :	0.00	. ⊅.	259,588.00	.\$ =	259,588.00

LISA K. THORNBURG, CPA

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Members of the Berkeley County Council Martinsburg, West Virginia 25401

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Berkeley County, West Virginia (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 28, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Honorable Members of the Berkeley County Council Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, others within the organization, County Officials and federal and state grant agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Lisa K. Thornburg, CPA

June 28, 2012